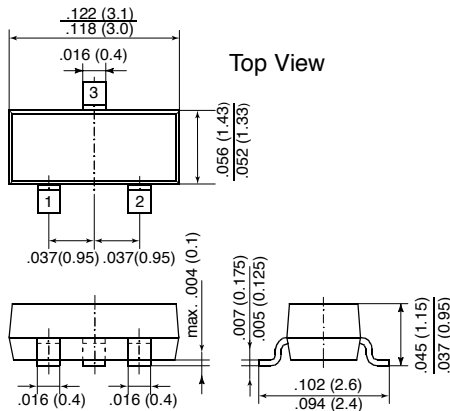


MMBT4401

SMALL SIGNAL TRANSISTORS (NPN)

SOT-23



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

Pin configuration

1 = Base, 2 = Emitter, 3 = Collector.

FEATURES

- ◆ NPN Silicon Epitaxial Planar Transistor for switching and amplifier applications.
- ◆ As complementary type, the PNP transistor MMBT4403 is recommended.
- ◆ This transistor is also available in the TO-92 case with the type designation 2N4401.



MECHANICAL DATA

Case: SOT-23 Plastic Package

Weight: approx. 0.008g

Marking code: 2X

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified

| | SYMBOL | VALUE | UNIT |
|--|------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Collector-Base Voltage | V _{CBO} | 60 | Volts |
| Collector-Emitter Voltage | V _{CEO} | 40 | Volts |
| Emitter-Base Voltage | V _{EBO} | 6.0 | Volts |
| Collector Current-Continuous | I _C | 600 | mA |
| Power Dissipation FR-5 Board,* T _A =25°C Derate above 25°C | P _{tot} | 225 1.8 | mW mW/°C |
| Power Dissipation Alumina Substrate,** T _A =25°C Derate above 25°C | P _{tot} | 300 2.4 | mW mW/°C |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient | R _{θJA} | FR-5 Board | 556 |
| | | Alumina Substrate | 417 |
| Junction Temperature | T _j | 150 | °C |
| Storage Temperature Range | T _s | -55 to +150 | °C |

*FR-5 = 1.0 x 0.75 x 0.062 in.

**Alumina = 0.4 x 0.3 x 0.024 in. 99.5% alumina.

MMBT4401

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified

| | SYMBOL | MIN. | MAX. | UNIT |
|--|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage at $I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$, $I_E = 0$ | $V_{(BR)CBO}$ | 60 | – | Volts |
| Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ⁽¹⁾ at $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$, $I_B = 0$ | $V_{(BR)CEO}$ | 40 | – | Volts |
| Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage at $I_E = 0.1 \text{ mA}$, $I_C = 0$ | $V_{(BR)EBO}$ | 6.0 | – | Volts |
| Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage at $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$, $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ at $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$, $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$ | V_{CEsat} V_{CEsat} | – – | 0.40 0.75 | Volts Volts |
| Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage at $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$, $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ at $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$, $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$ | V_{BEsat} V_{BEsat} | 0.75 – | 0.95 1.20 | Volts Volts |
| Collector Cutoff Current at $V_{EB} = 0.4 \text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 35 \text{ V}$ | I_{CEX} | – | 100 | nA |
| Base Cutoff Current at $V_{EB} = 0.4 \text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 35 \text{ V}$ | I_{BEV} | – | 100 | nA |
| DC Current Gain at $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ at $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ at $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ at $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}^{(1)}$ at $V_{CE} = 2 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}^{(1)}$ | h_{FE} h_{FE} h_{FE} h_{FE} h_{FE} | 20 40 80 100 40 | – – – 300 – | – – – – – |
| Input Impedance at $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$, $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ | h_{ie} | 1 | 15 | k Ω |
| Voltage Feedback Ratio at $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$, $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ | h_{re} | $0.1 \cdot 10^{-4}$ | $8 \cdot 10^{-4}$ | – |
| Current Gain-Bandwidth Product at $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$, $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ | f_T | 250 | – | MHz |
| Collector-Base Capacitance at $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$, $I_E = 0$ | C_{CBO} | – | 6.5 | pF |
| Emitter-Base Capacitance at $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$, $I_C = 0$ | C_{EBO} | – | 30 | pF |

NOTES:

(1) Pulse test: pulse width $\leq 300 \mu\text{s}$, cycle $\leq 2.0\%$

MMBT4401

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified

| | SYMBOL | MIN. | MAX. | UNIT |
|--|----------|------|------|---------------|
| Small Signal Current Gain at $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_C = 1\text{ mA}$, $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ | h_{fe} | 40 | 500 | – |
| Output Admittance at $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_C = 1\text{ mA}$, $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ | h_{oe} | 1.0 | 30 | μS |
| Delay Time (see Fig. 1) at $I_{B1} = 15\text{ mA}$, $I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$, $V_{BE} = 40\text{ V}$ | t_d | – | 15 | ns |
| Rise Time (see Fig. 1) at $I_{B1} = 15\text{ mA}$, $I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$, $V_{BE} = 40\text{ V}$ | t_r | – | 20 | ns |
| Storage Time (see Fig. 2) at $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15\text{ mA}$, $I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$, $I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ | t_s | – | 225 | ns |
| Fall Time (see Fig. 2) at $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15\text{ mA}$, $I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$, $I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ | t_f | – | 30 | ns |

SWITCHING TIME EQUIVALENT TEST CIRCUIT

FIGURE 1 - TURN-ON TIME

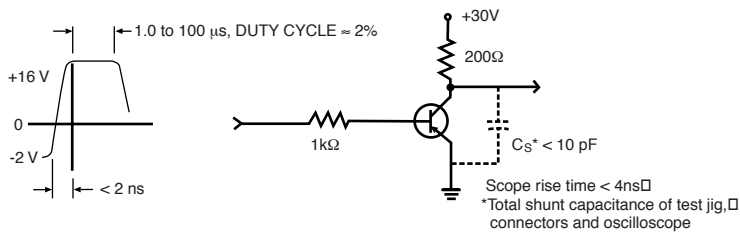


FIGURE 2 - TURN-OFF TIME

